



# A Story of Under-C Discovery and Adventure

*A look at Memory Safety*

Miguel A. Arroyo

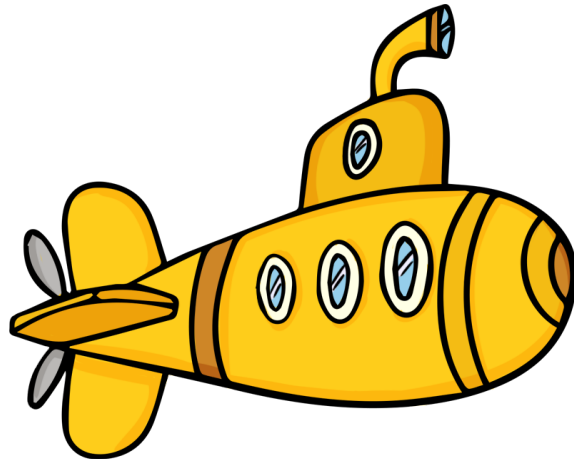
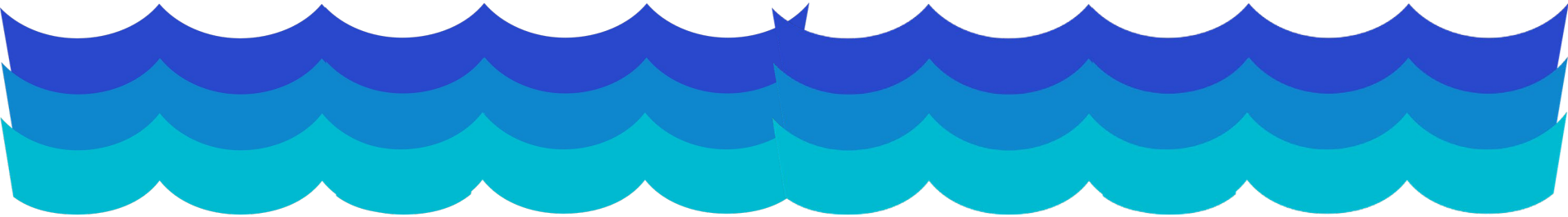


@miguelarroyo12





# The Evolution of Memory Safety





# The Evolution of Memory Safety

## The Morris Worm (1988)





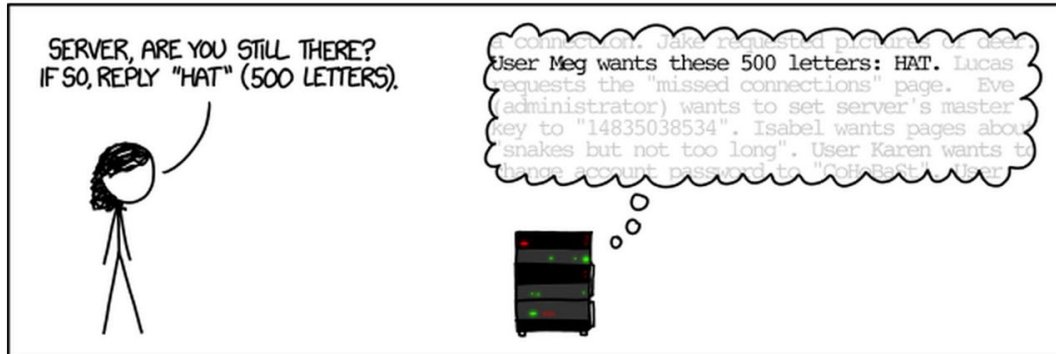
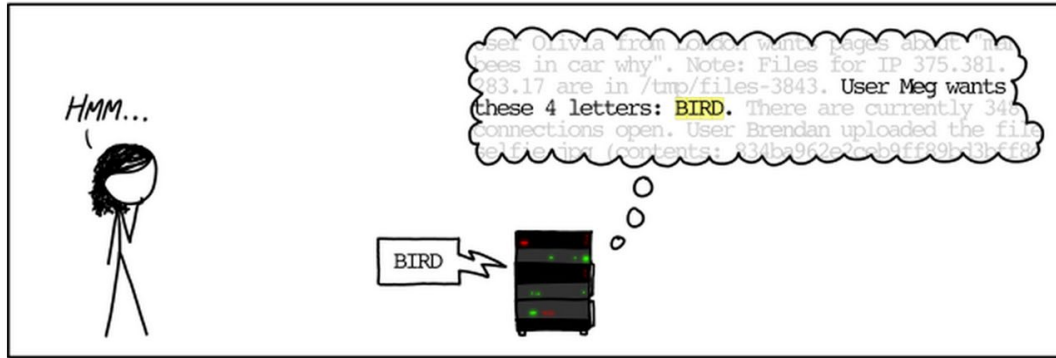
# The Evolution of Memory Safety

Heartbleed (2014)



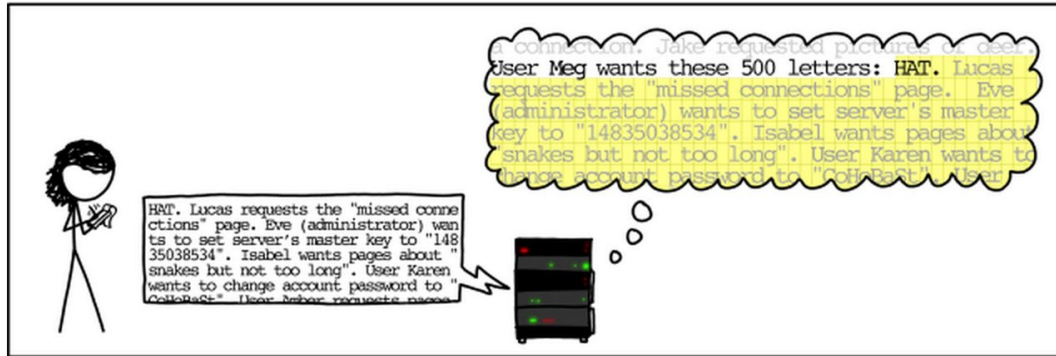
# The Evolution of Memory Safety

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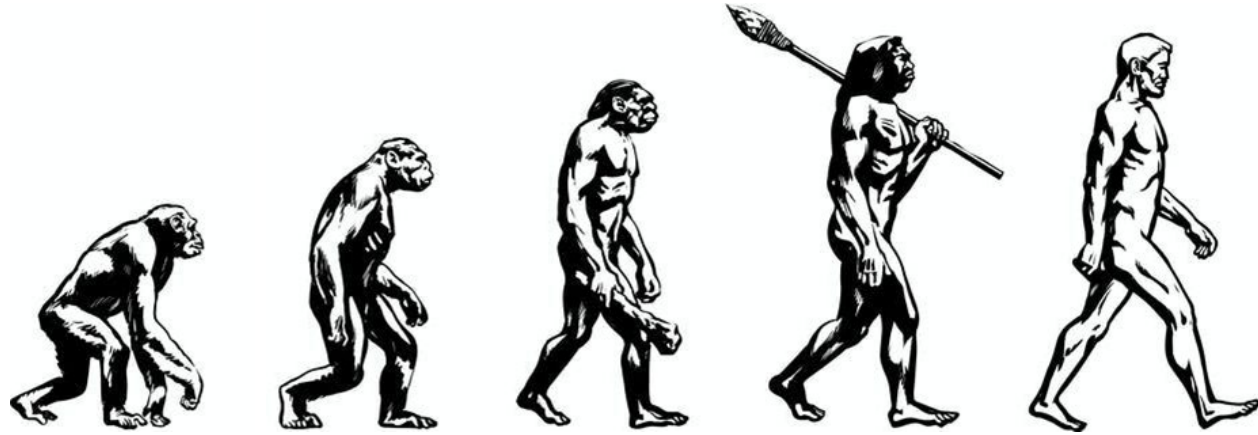
# The Evolution of Memory Safety

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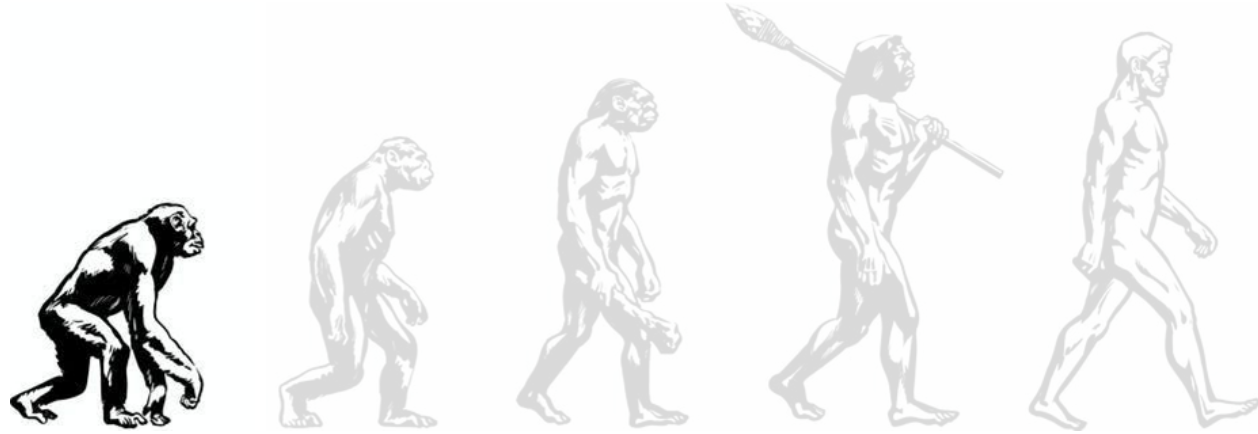


# The Evolution of Memory Safety





# The Evolution of Memory Safety



The fundamental vulnerabilities have remained the same!

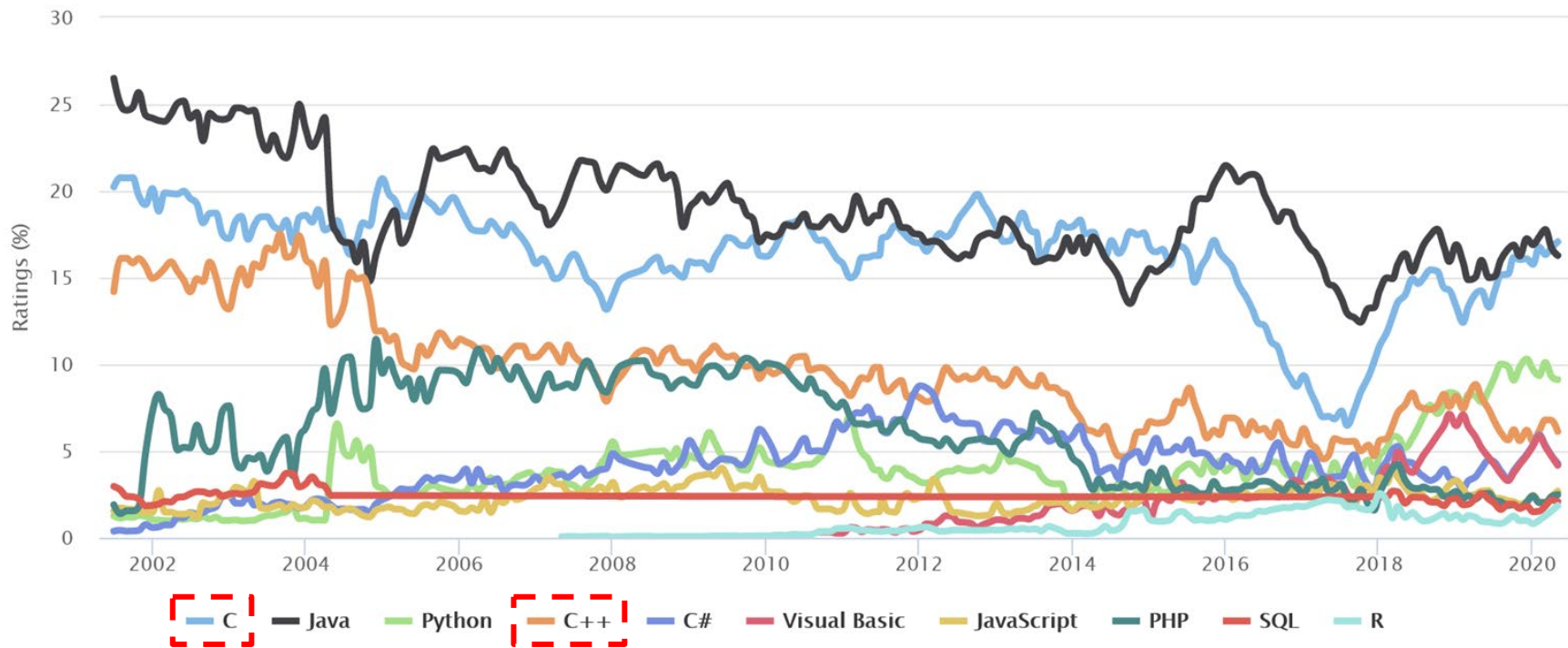




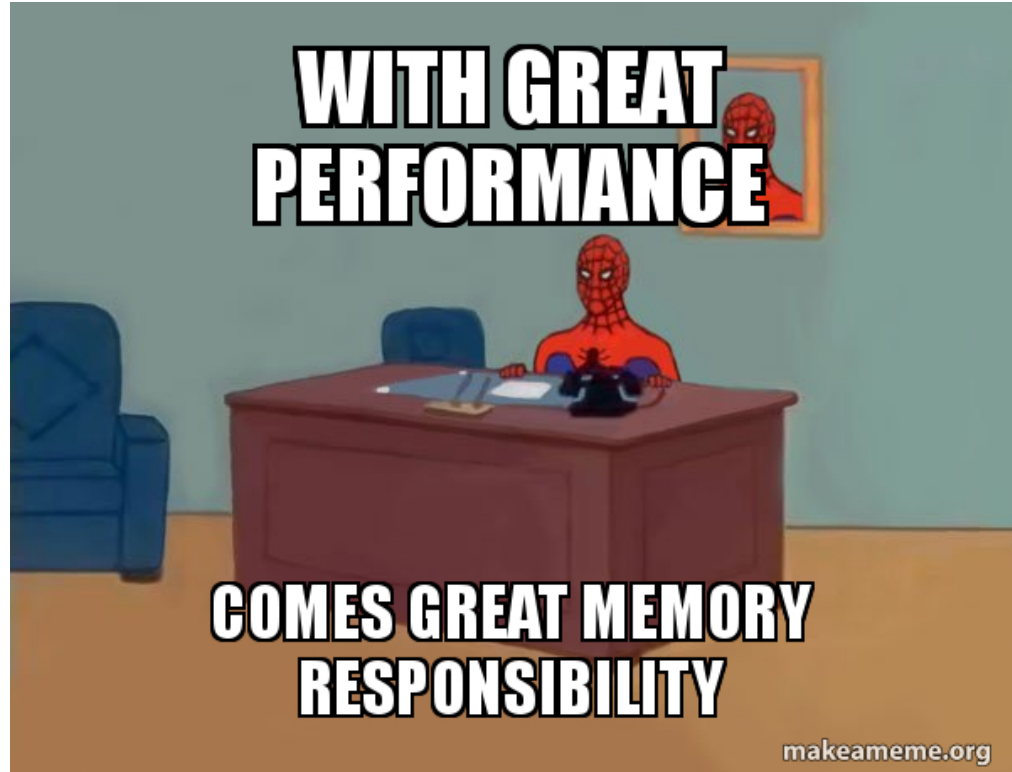
# Software is Unsafe

## TIOBE Programming Community Index

Source: [www.tiobe.com](http://www.tiobe.com)



# Software is Unsafe

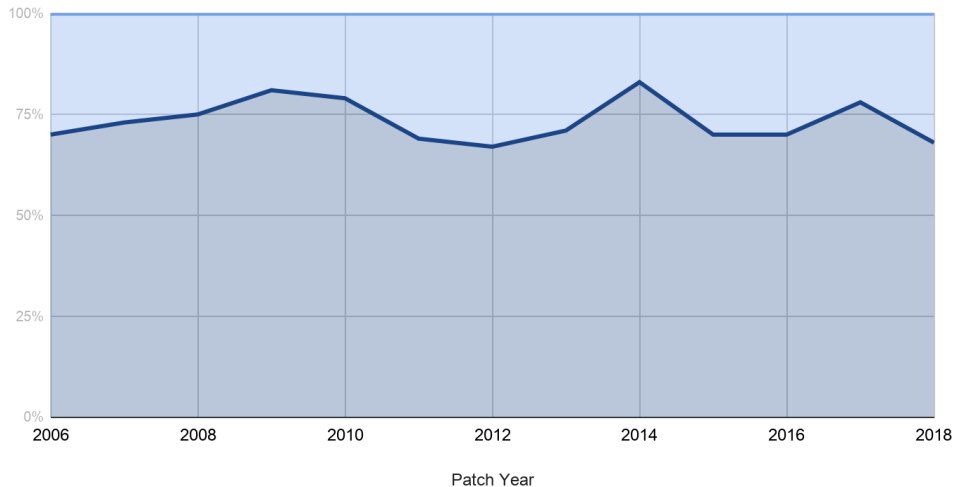




# Prevalence of Memory Safety Vulns

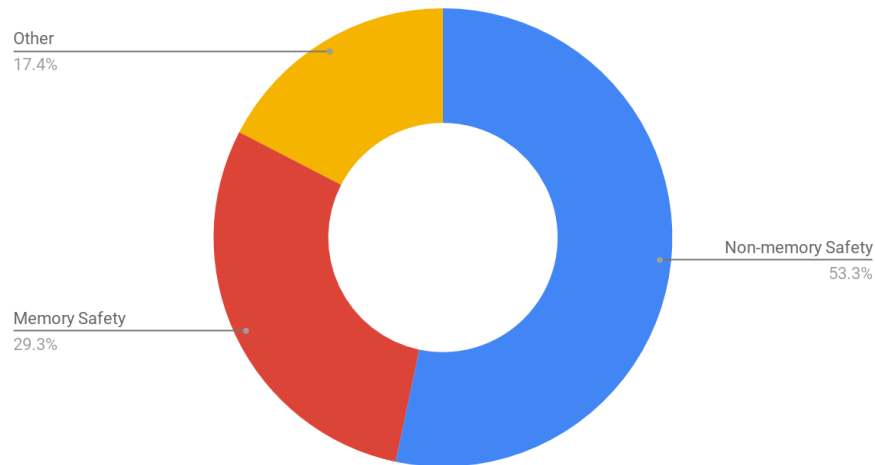
### Memory Safety vs Non-Memory Safety CVEs

■ Non-Memory Safety ■ Memory Safety



### Microsoft Product CVEs

### OSS-Fuzz Bug Types



### Google OSS-Fuzz bugs from 2016-2018.



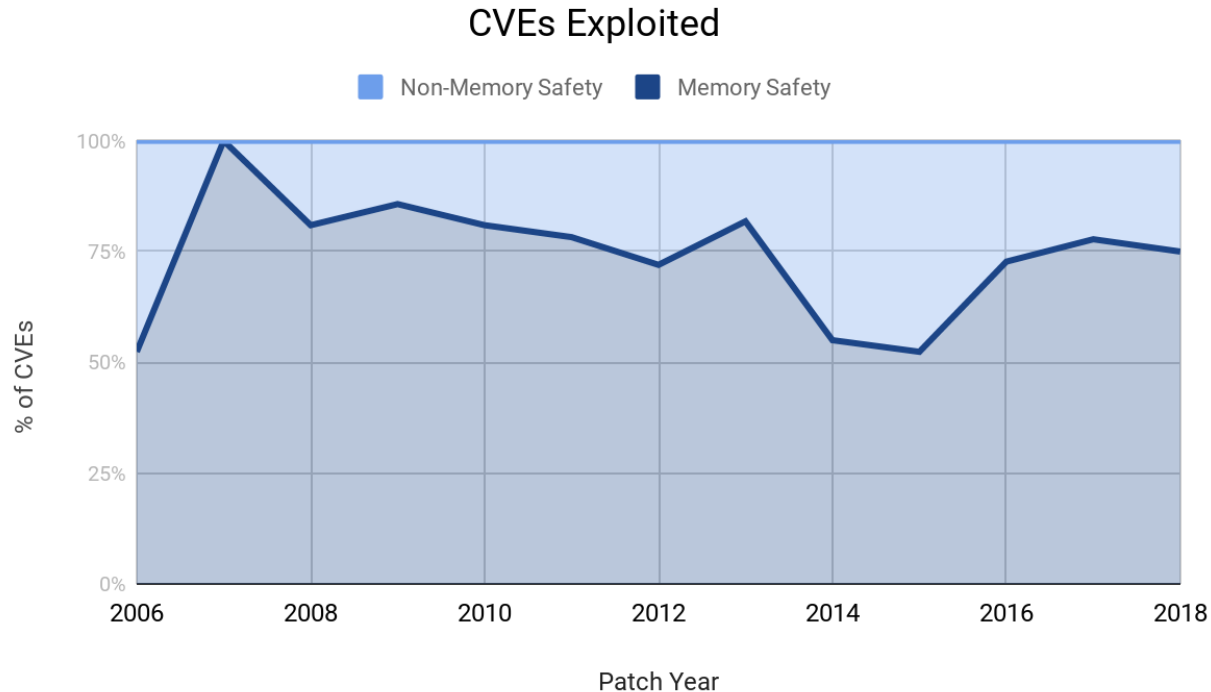
ATTACKERS



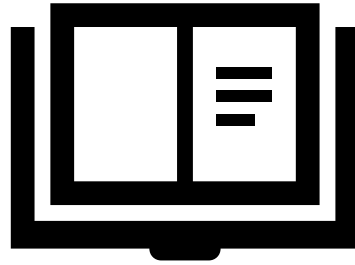
MEMORY SAFETY



# Attackers Prefer Memory Safety Vulns



## Microsoft Product Exploits



# What is Memory Safety?



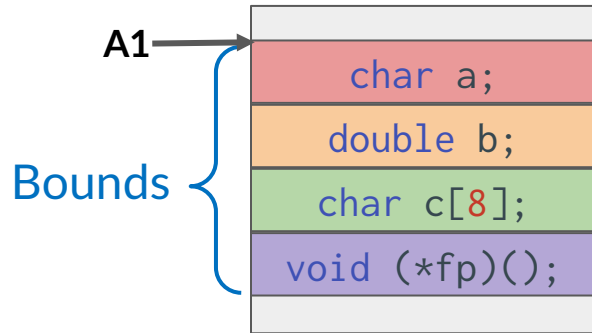
# What is Memory Safety?

```
typedef struct {  
    char a;  
    double b;  
    char c[8];  
    void (*fp)();  
} A_t;
```

```
A_t *A1 = malloc(  
    sizeof(A_t));  
  
free(A1);  
  
A_t *A2 = malloc(  
    sizeof(A_t));
```



# What is Memory Safety?

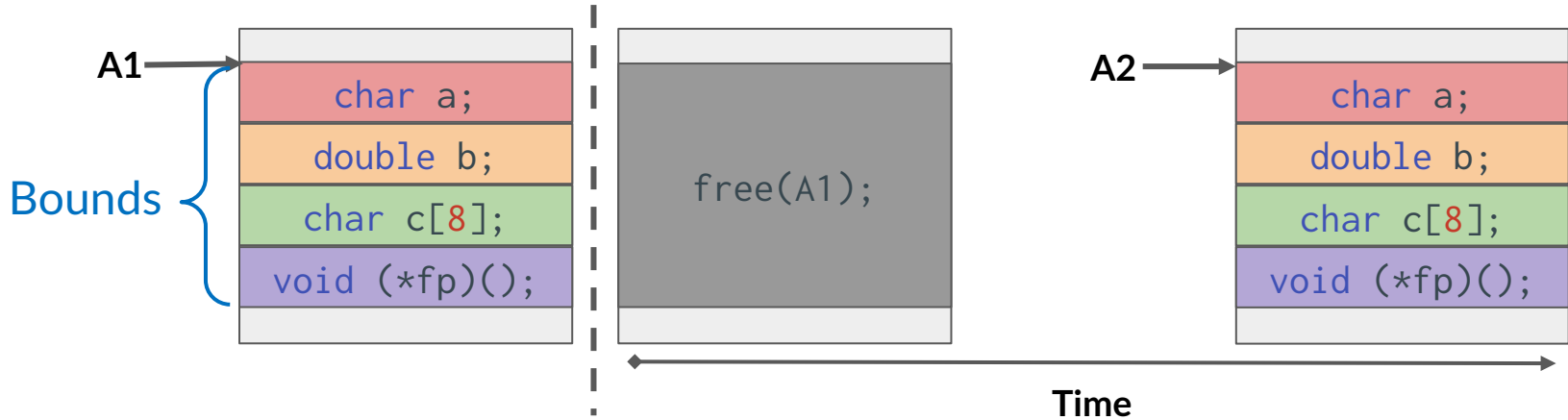


**(1) Spatial**  
eg. Overflows





# What is Memory Safety?



**(1) Spatial**  
eg. Overflows

**(2) Temporal**  
eg. use-after-free

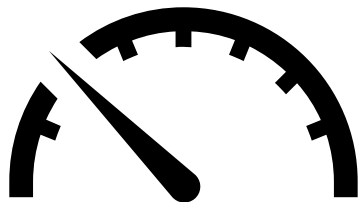


**Why is Memory Safety  
still a problem?**

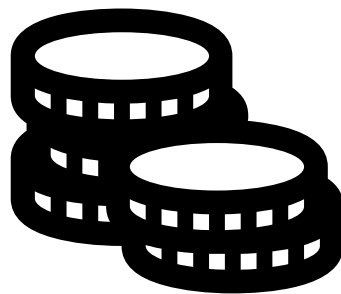


# Why is Memory Safety still a problem?

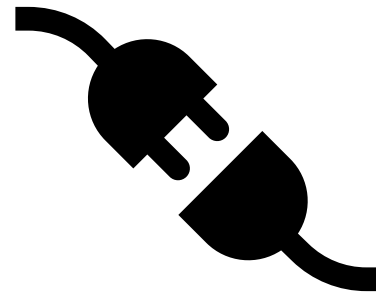
Defenses suffer from



Performance  
Overheads



Costly  
Implementation

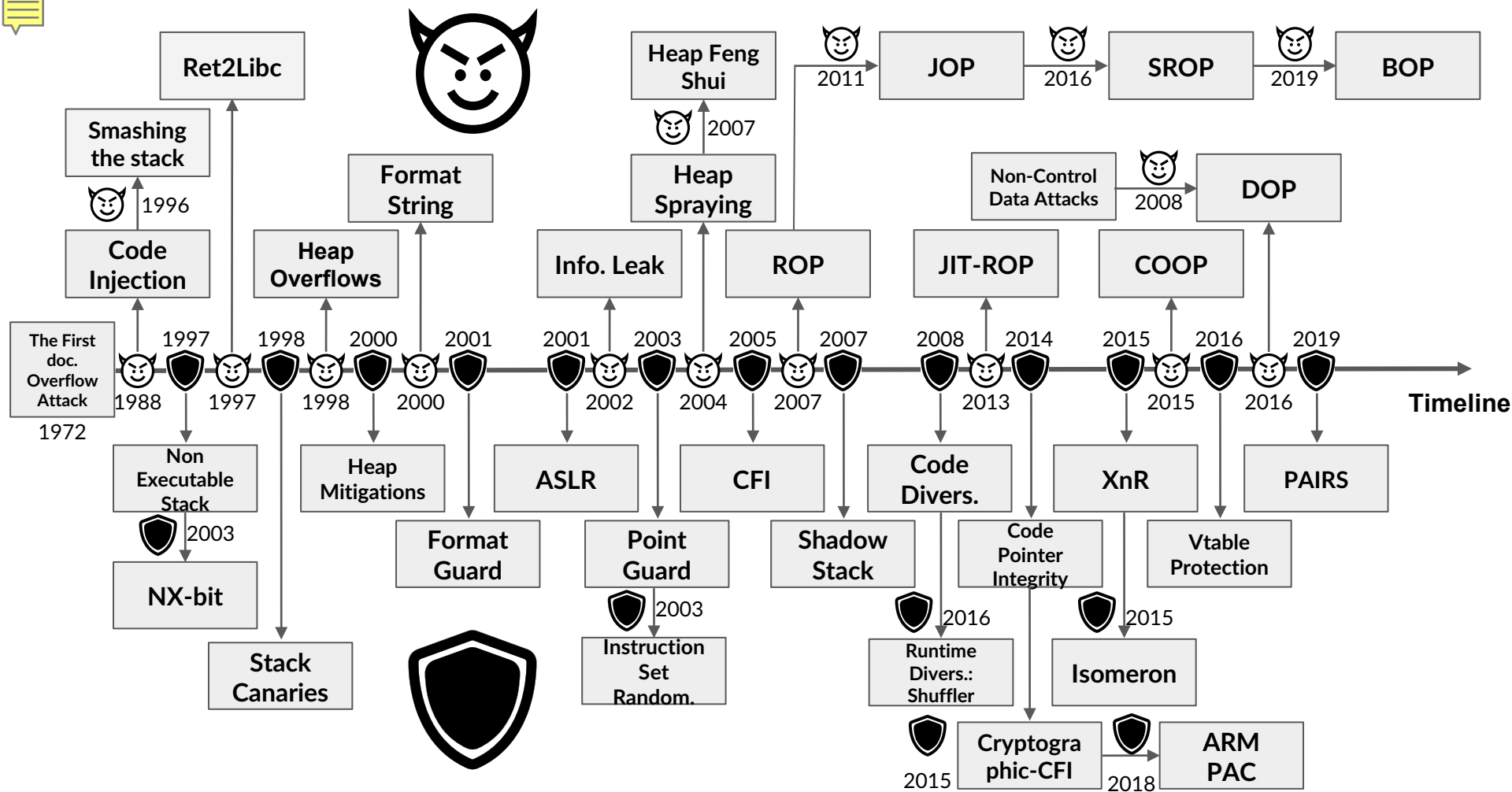


Compatibility



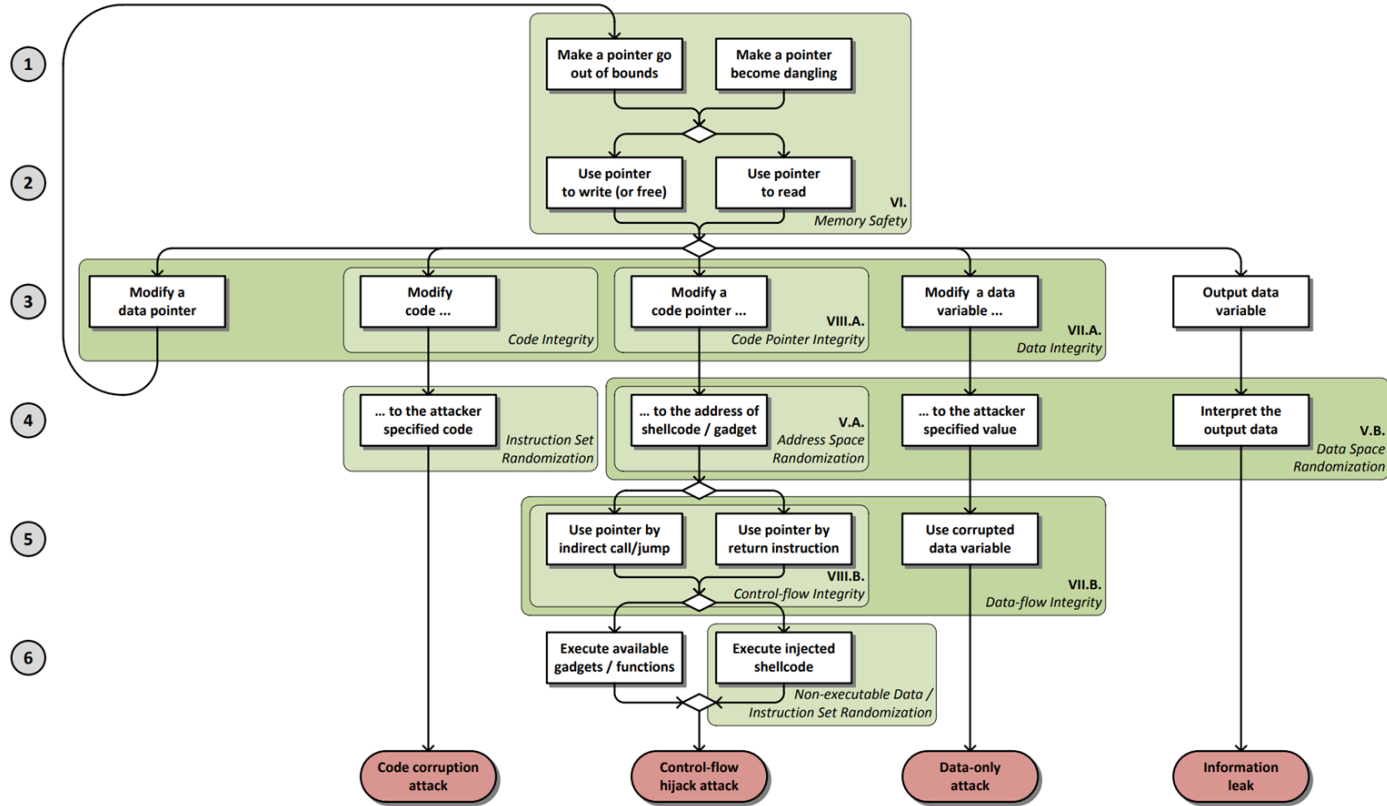
# The Security Cat & Mouse Game



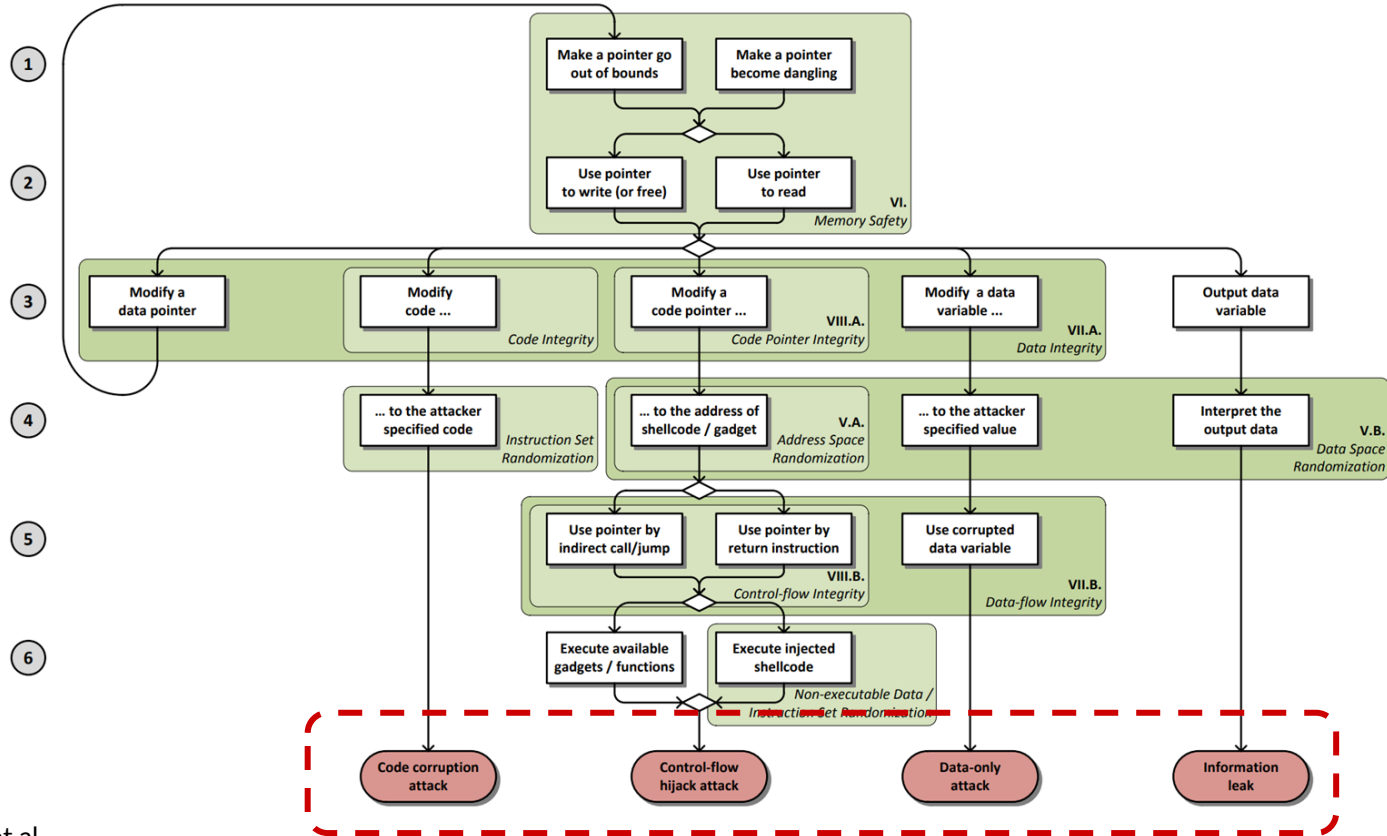


Reference: [Mohamed Tarek Ibn Ziad @ shorturl.at/muJKO](https://shorturl.at/muJKO)

# The Memory Attack Model

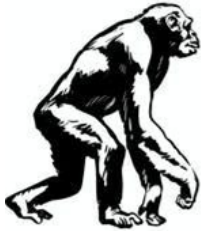


# The Memory Attack Model





# The Memory Attack Model



Information  
Leak



Code  
Corruption



Control-Flow  
Hijack

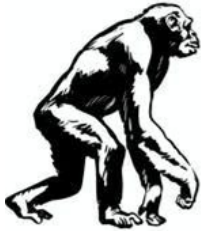


Data-only





# The Memory Attack Model



Information  
Leak



Code  
Corruption



Control-Flow  
Hijack



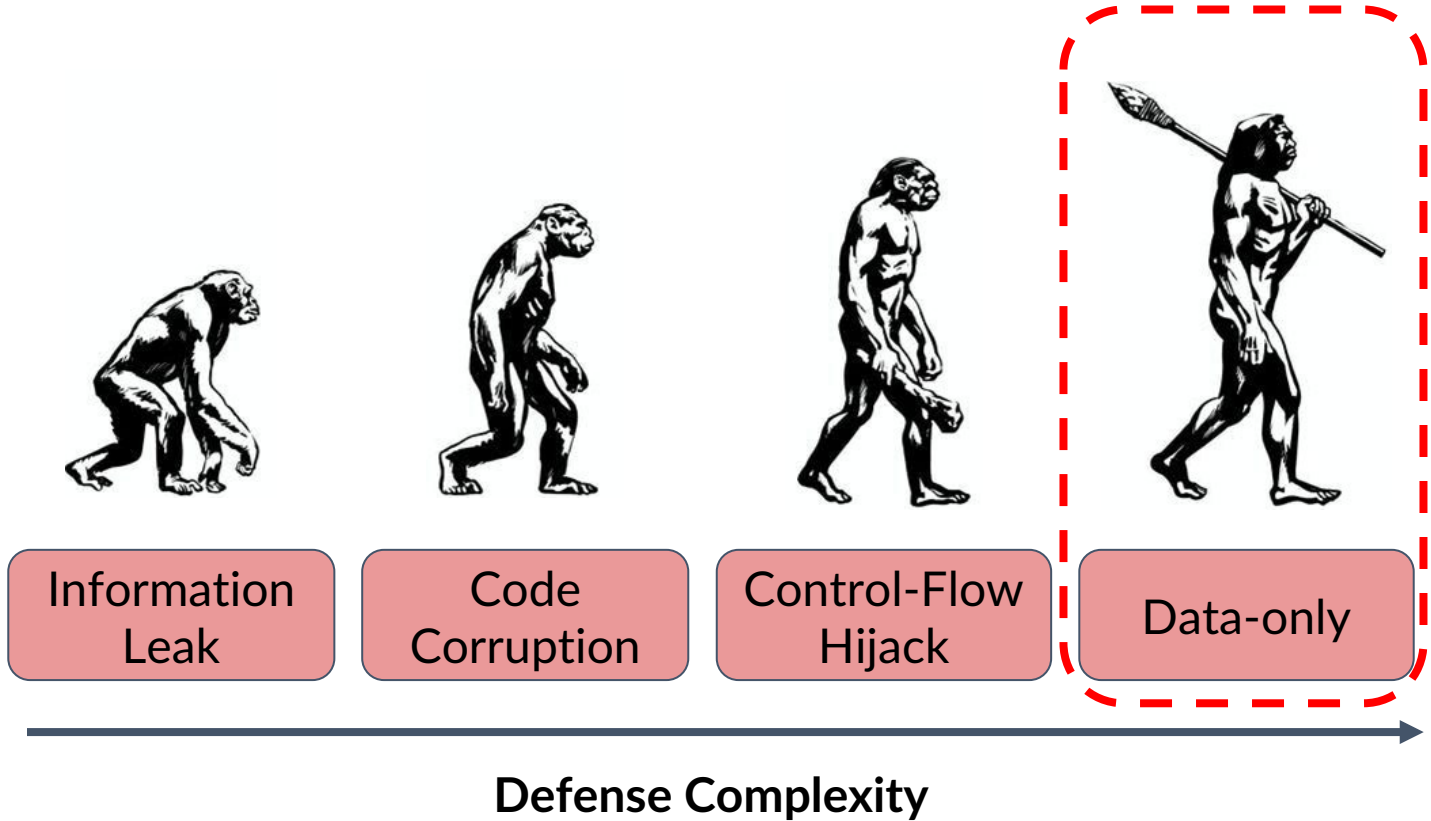
Data-only



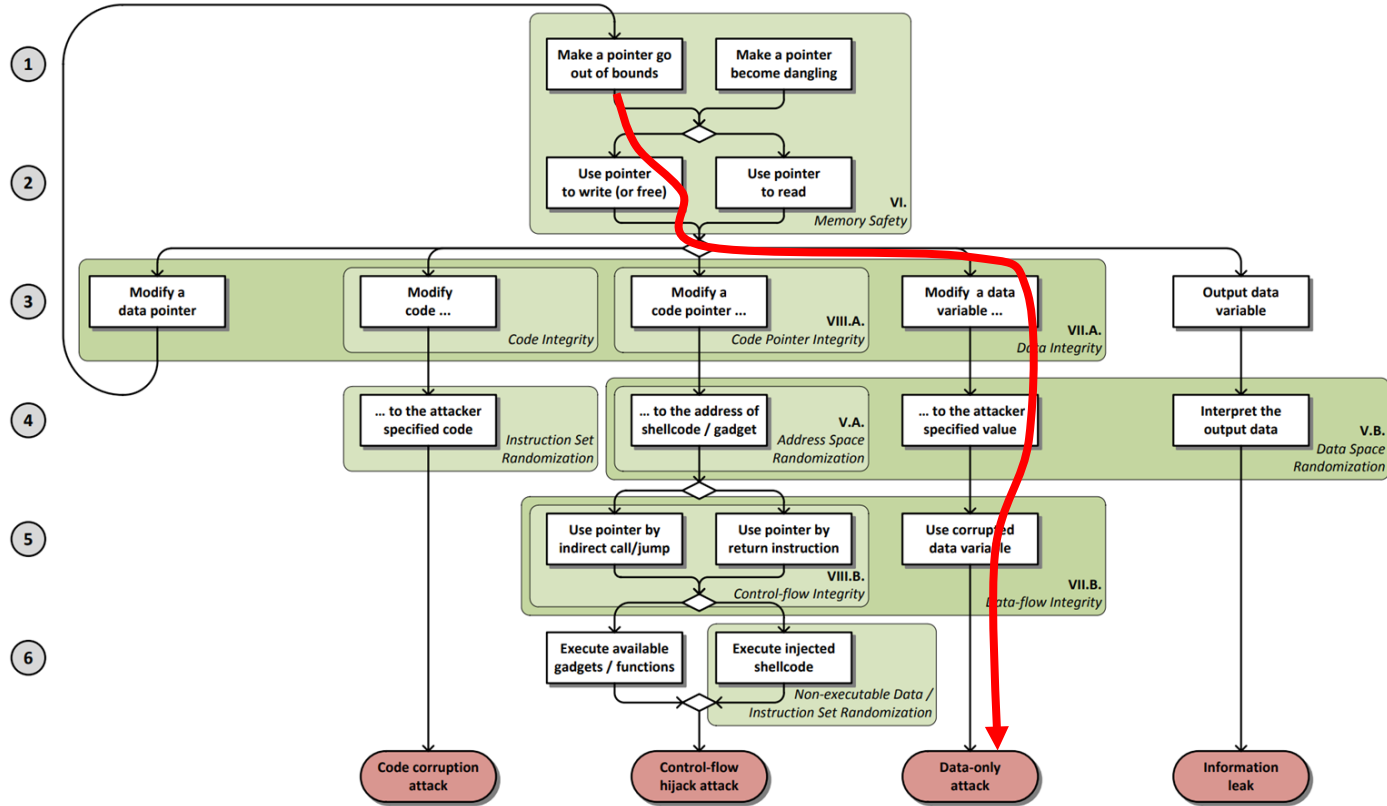
Defense Complexity

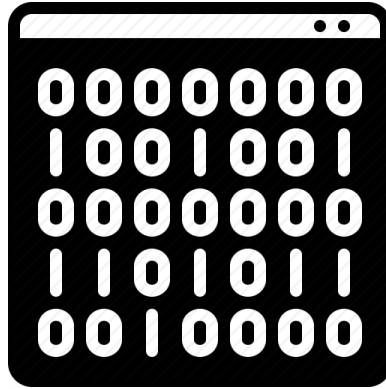


# The Memory Attack Model



# The Memory Attack Model





# Data-only Attacks

State-of-the-art Exploit Techniques



# Data-only Attacks

## Direct Data Manipulation

### Non-Control-Data Attacks Are Realistic Threats

Chen et al. (2005)

- An attacker directly manipulates the target data to accomplish the malicious goal.

```
void foo(...) {  
    ...  
    bool is_admin = false;  
    ...  
    // Corrupt authenticated  
    type = packet_read();  
    ...  
    if (is_admin) {  
        // do privileged ops  
        ...  
    }  
    ...  
}
```



# Data-only Attacks

## Data-Oriented Programming (DOP)

### Data-Oriented Programming: On the Expressiveness of Non-Control Data Attacks

Hu et al. (2016)

- An attacker performs arbitrary computations in program memory by chaining the execution of short sequences of instructions (referred to as *gadgets*).

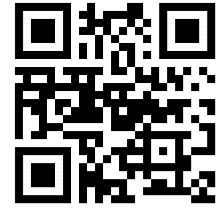


**WE INTERRUPT THIS  
PROGRAM...**

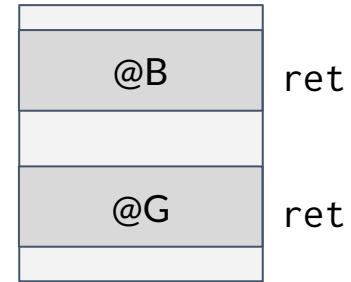
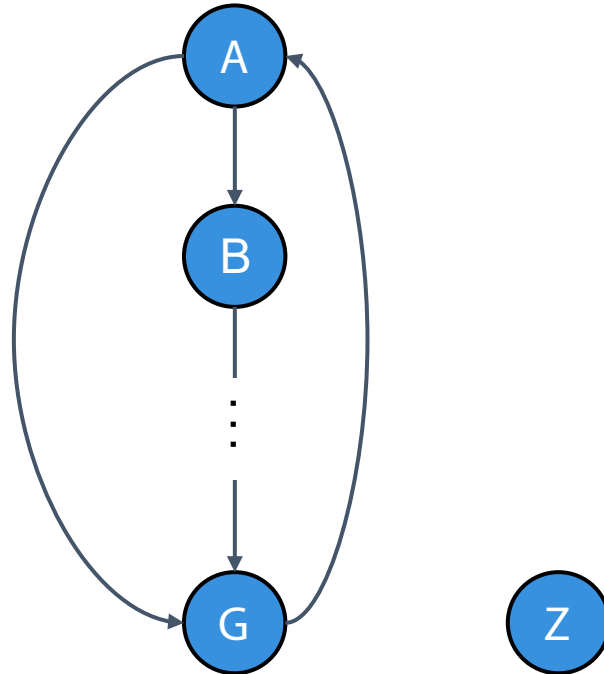


# Review

## Return-Oriented Programming (ROP)



<https://miguel.arroyo.me/resources>



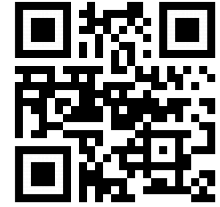
Stack



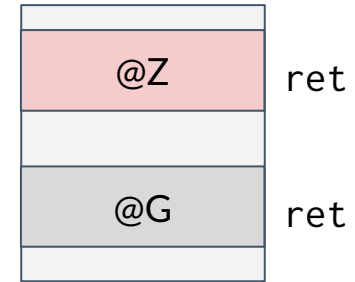
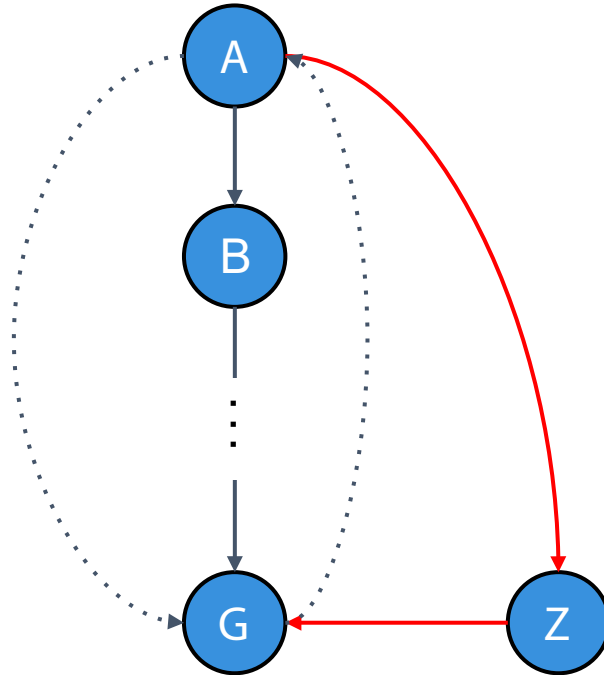


# Review


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Stack

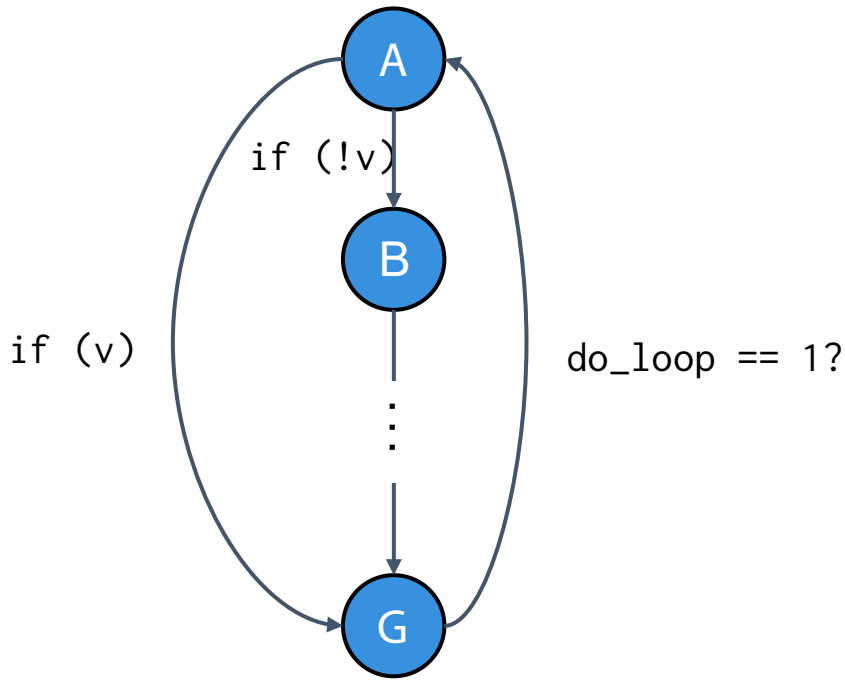
The background of the slide features a color calibration chart. It consists of a top row of six vertical bars: yellow, cyan, magenta, red, and blue. Below this is a black horizontal bar containing the text. Underneath the black bar is another row of five vertical bars: yellow, cyan, magenta, red, and blue. At the bottom of the chart are four vertical bars: black, white, black, and black.

**AND NOW BACK TO  
THE SCHEDULED  
PROGRAMMING**

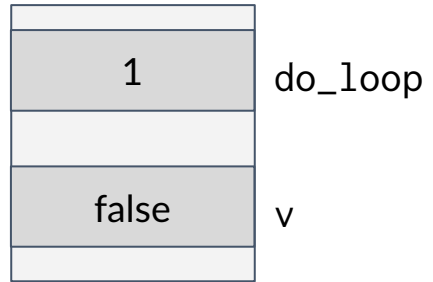


# Data-only Attacks

## Data-Oriented Programming (DOP)



`do_loop == 1?`

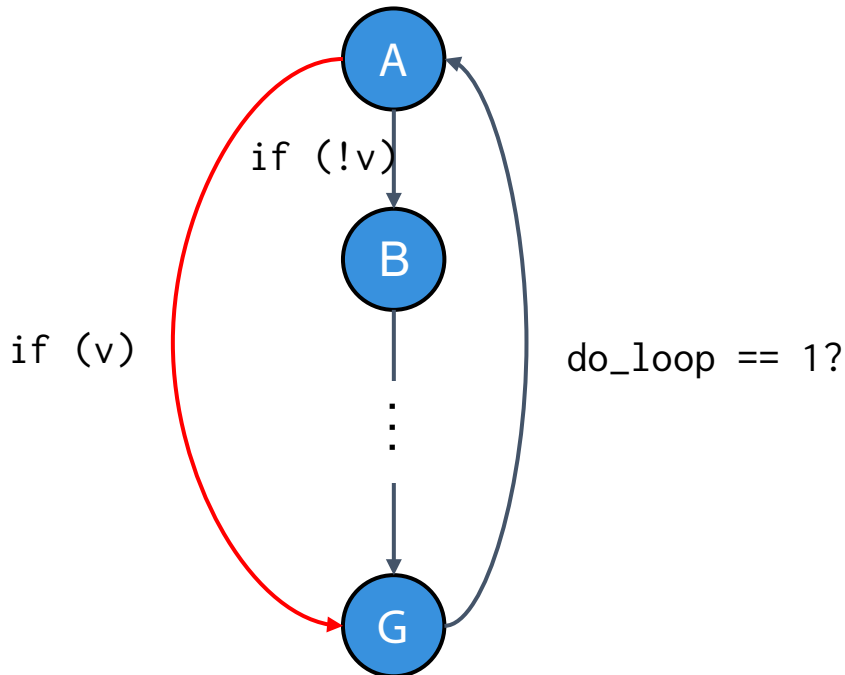


Data Memory

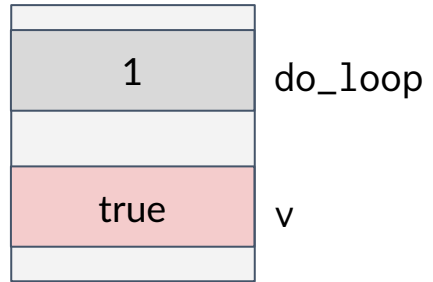


# Data-only Attacks

## Data-Oriented Programming (DOP)



`do_loop == 1?`



Data  
Memory



# Data-Oriented Programming

## Motivating Example

```
1. struct server{int *cur_max, total, typ;} *srv;
2. int quota = MAXCONN; int *size, *type;
3. char buf[MAXLEN];
4. size = &buf[8]; type = &buf[12]
5. ...
6. while (quota-- ) {
7.   readData(sockfd, buf); // stack buf
8.   if(*type == NONE ) break;
9.   if(*type == STREAM)
10.    *size = *(srv->cur_max);
11.   else {
12.    srv->typ = *type;
13.    srv->total += *size;
14.   } //...(following code skipped)...
15. }
```



```
1. struct Obj {struct Obj *next; int prop;}
2.
3. void updateList(struct Obj *list, int
  addend){
4.   for(; list != NULL; list = list->next)
5.     list->prop += addend;
6. }
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# Data-Oriented Programming

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# Data-Oriented Programming

## DOP Gadgets

Load: `*size = *(srv->cur_max);`

1.mov `*(&srv->cur_max), r1`

2.mov `*(&size), r2`

3.mov `r1, *(&size)`

Memory



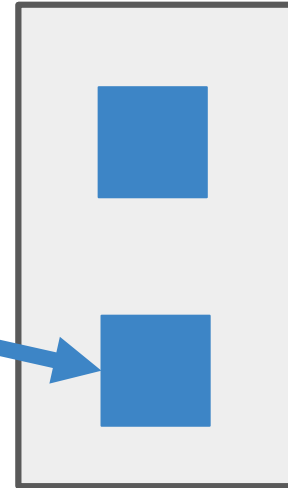


# Data-Oriented Programming

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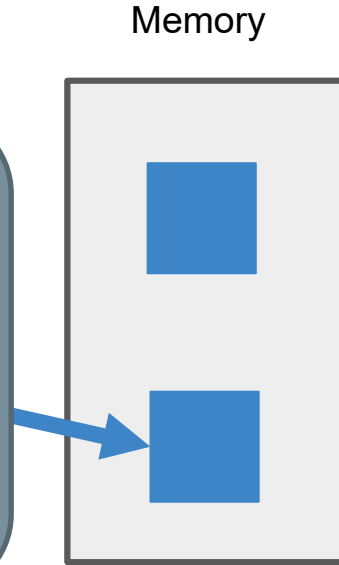






# Data-Oriented Programming

DOP Gadgets



# Motivating Example

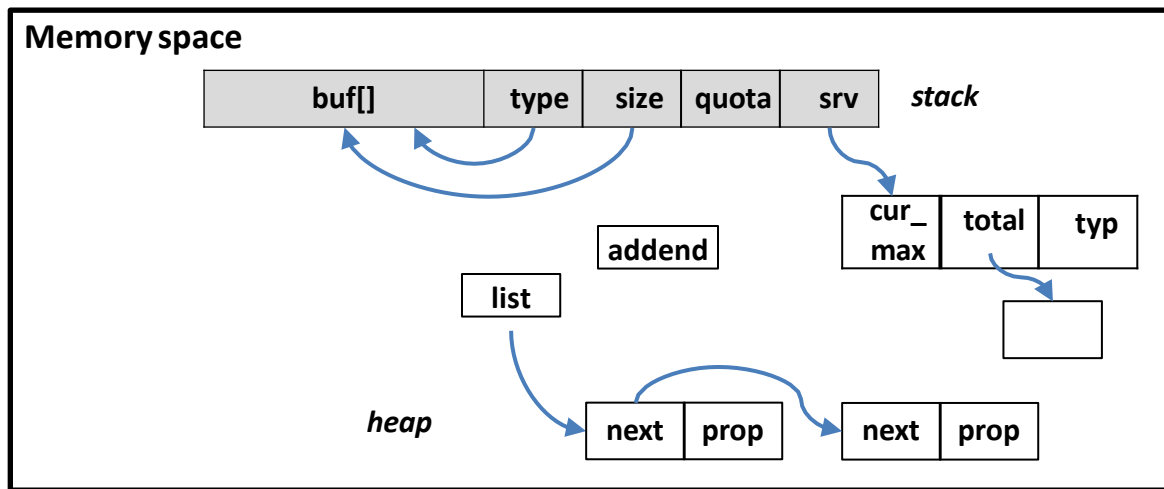
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**vulnerable program**

```
4 for(; list != NULL; list = list->next)  
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```

**malicious computation**

**simulate ?**



# Motivating Example

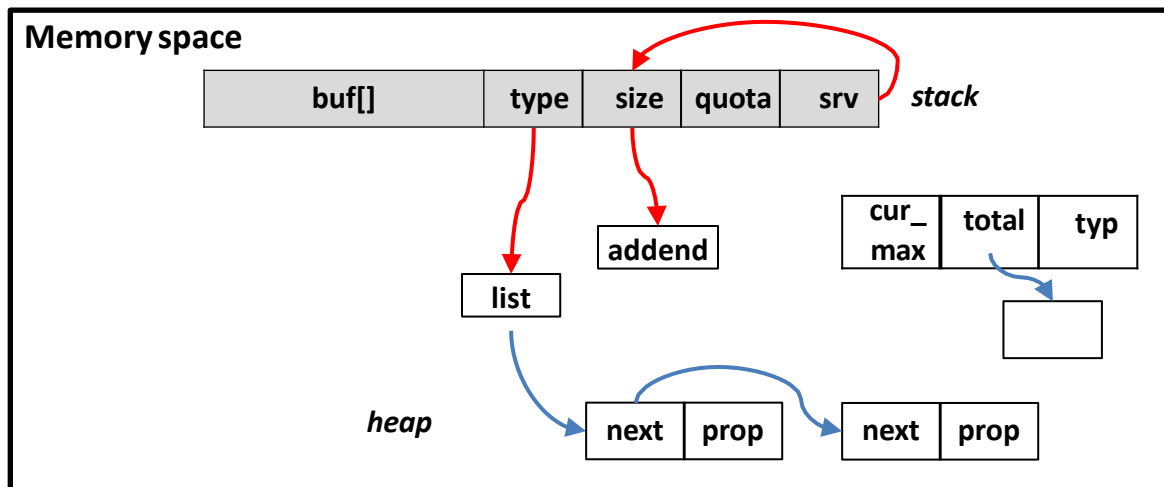
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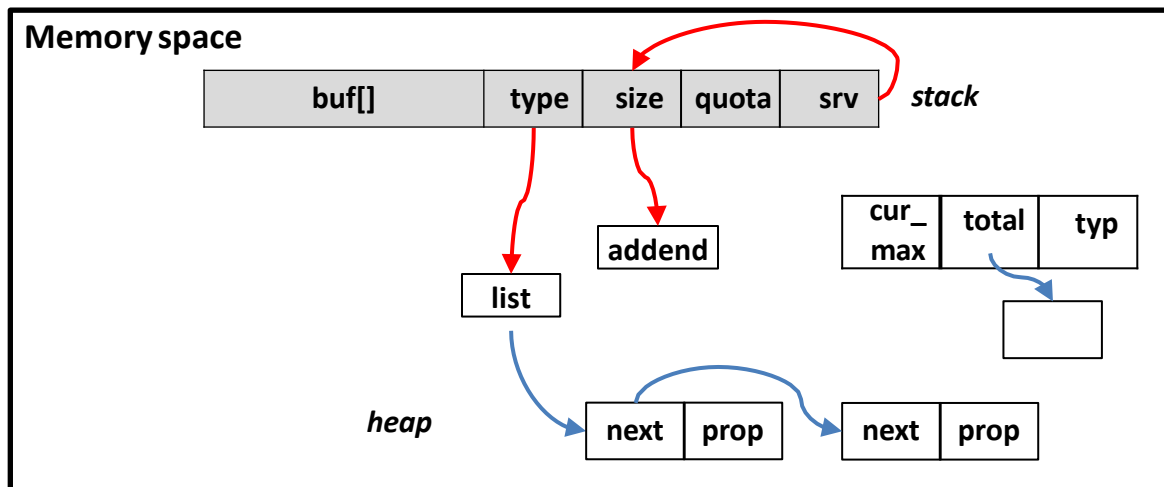
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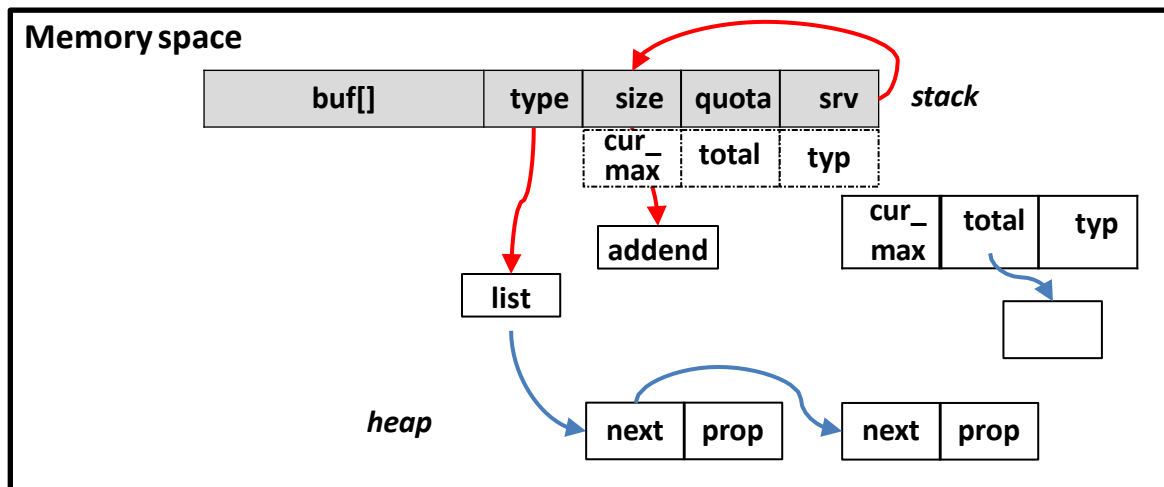
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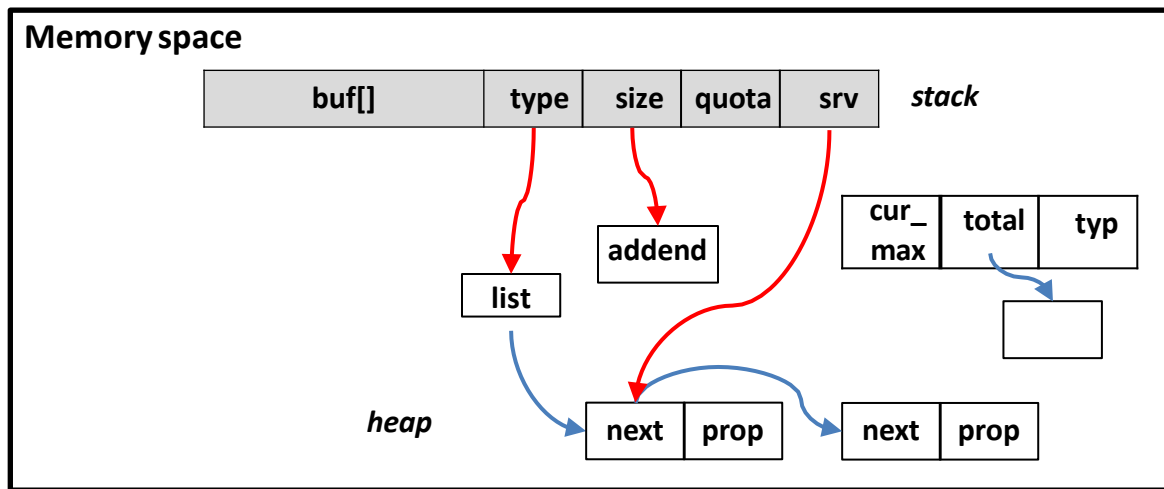
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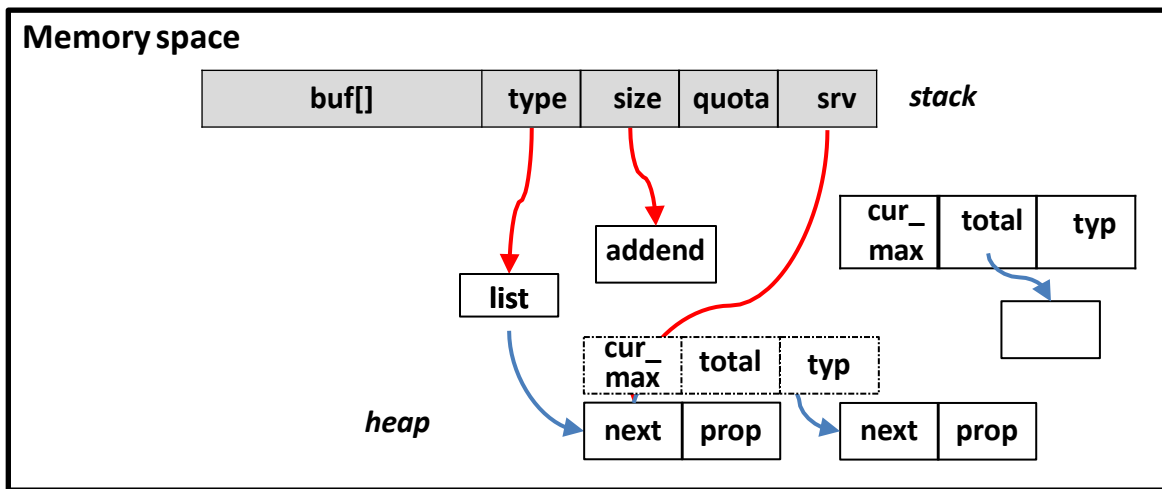
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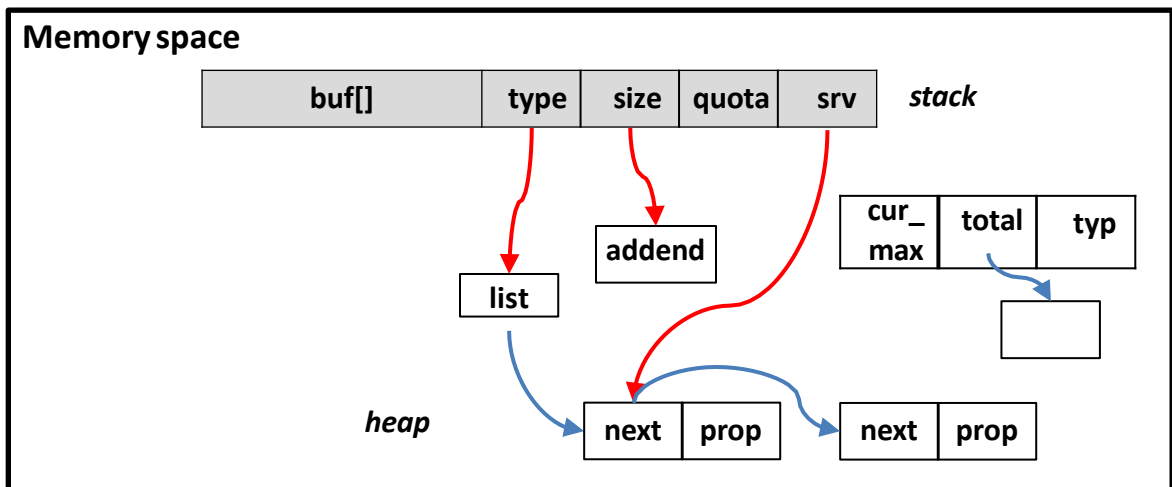
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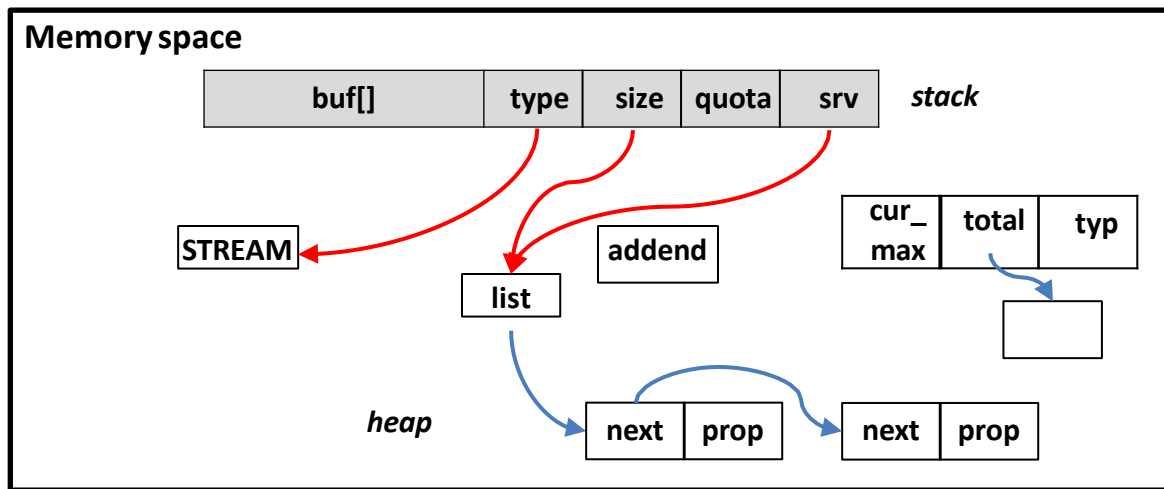
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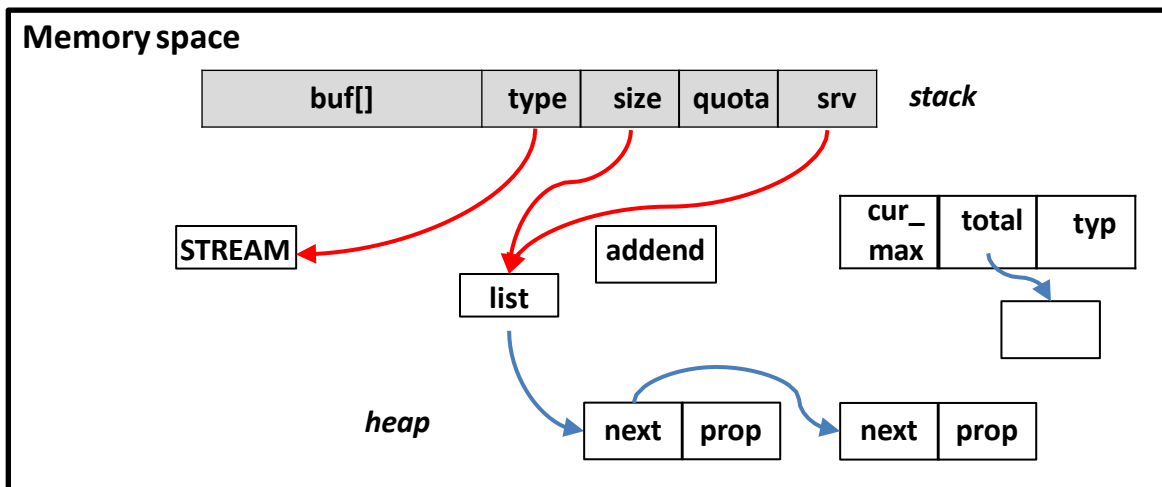
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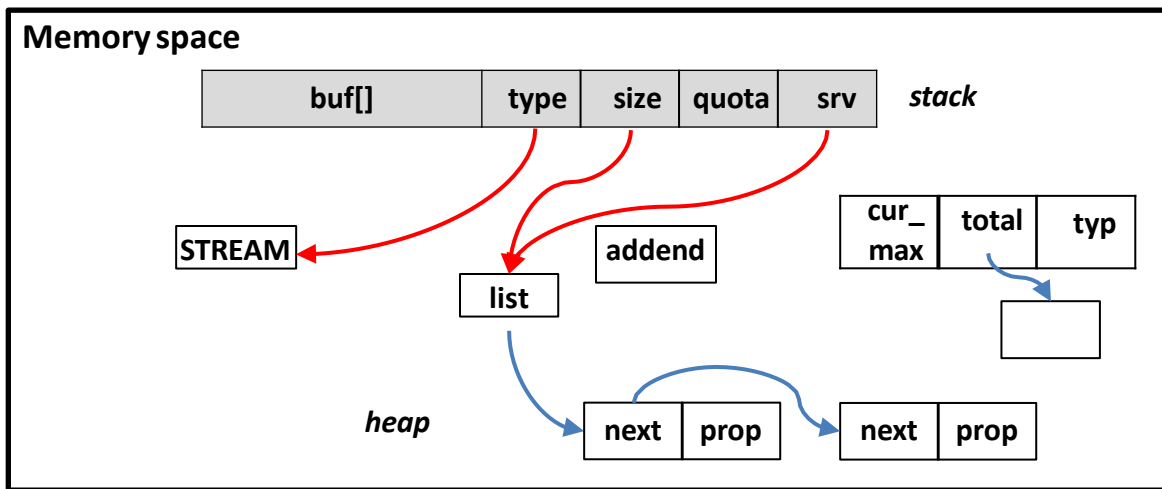
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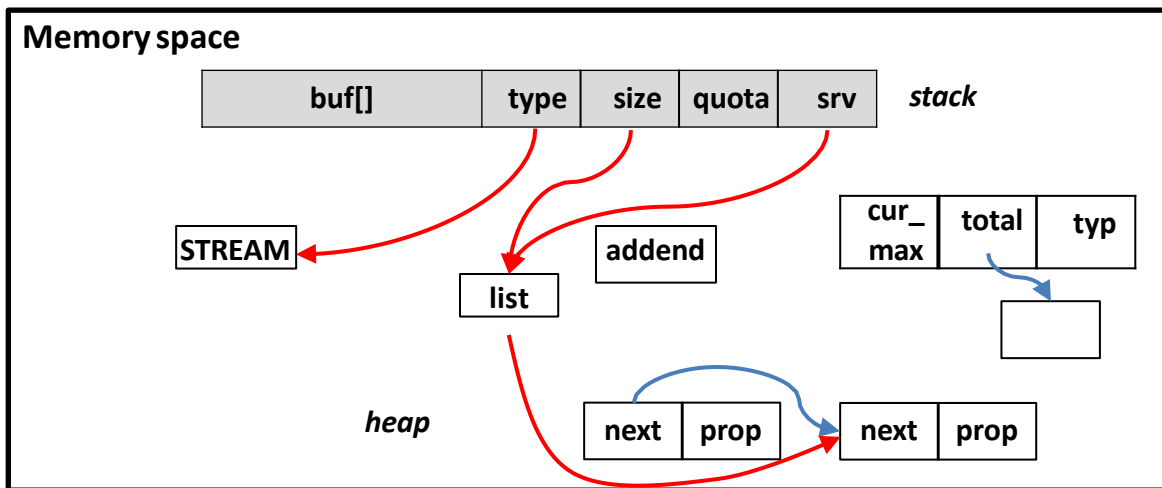
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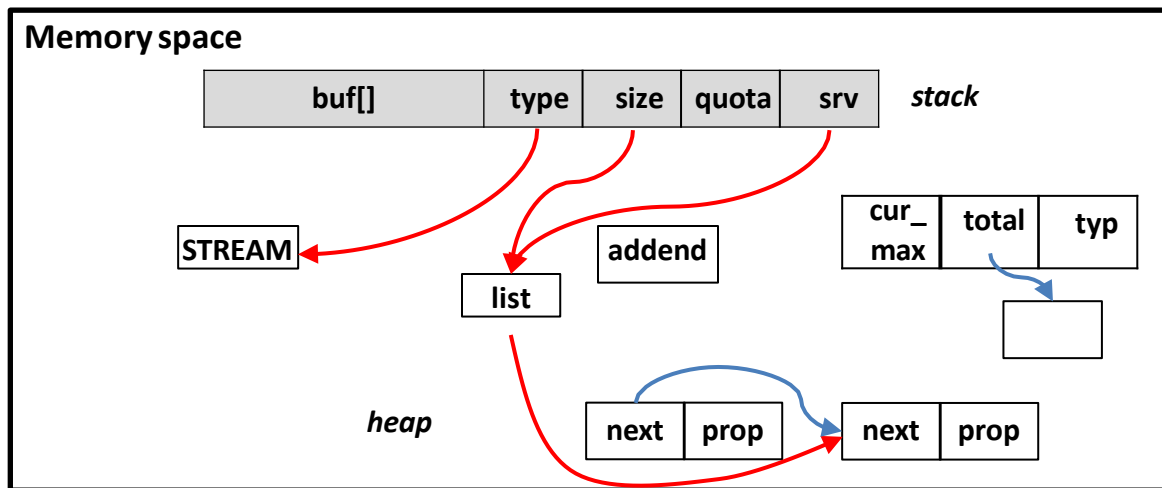
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8   if(*type == NONE ) break;
9   if(*type == STREAM)
10  *size = *(srv->cur_max);
11  else {
12    srv->typ = *type;
13    srv->total += *size;
14  }
15 }
```

vulnerable program

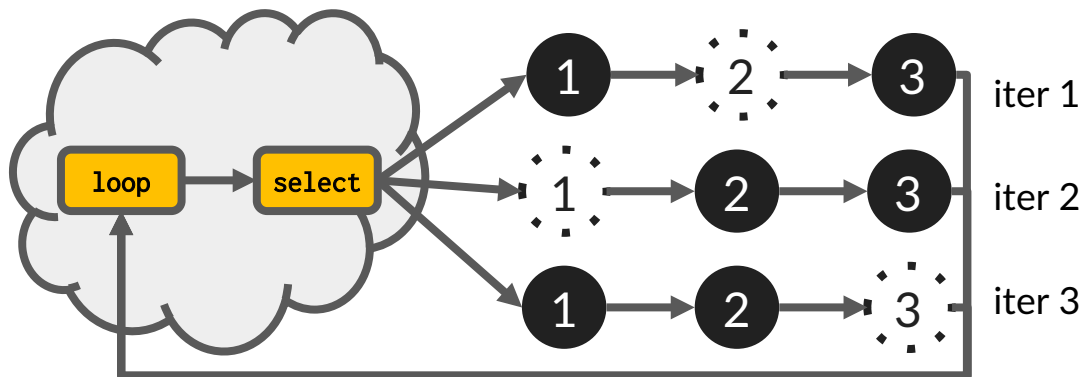
```
4 for(; list != NULL; list = list->next)
5   list->prop += addend;
```

malicious computation

simulate



# DOP Gadget Dispatcher



Chain DOP gadgets **legitimately**

- loop - repeatedly invoke gadgets
- select - selectively activate gadgets

```
6. while (quota-- ) { // loop
7.   readData(sockfd, buf); // selector
8.   if(*type == NONE ) break;
9.   if(*type == STREAM) *size = *(srv->cur_max);
10.  else { srv->typ = *type; srv->total += *size; }
11. }
```

# MinDOP Language

Semantics	Statements in C	Data-Oriented Gadgets in DOP
arithmetic / logical	$a \text{ op } b$	$*p \text{ op } *q$
assignment	$a = b$	$*p = *q$
load	$a = *b$	$*p = **q$
store	$*a = b$	$**p = *q$
jump	goto L	vpc = &input
conditional jump	if (a) goto L	vpc &input if *p

p - &a; q - &b; op - any arithmetic / logical; vpc - virtual input pointer



# DOP Demo

Minimal Vulnerability + Exploits



<https://github.com/mayanez/min-dop>

Extra: DOP Gadget Compiler

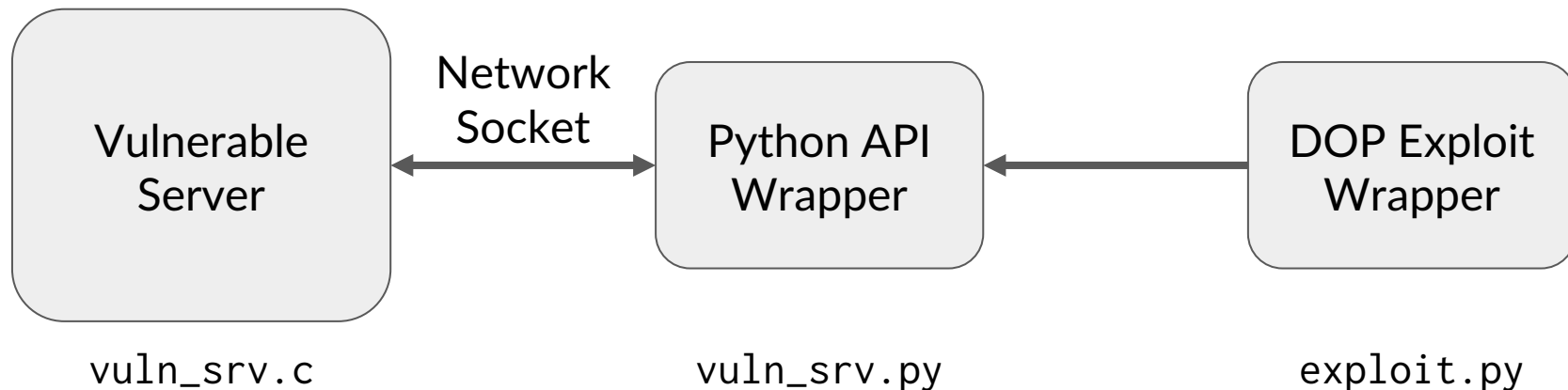
<https://github.com/mayanez/llvm-clang-passes/tree/master/llvm/DOP-Gadgets>





# DOP Demo

Minimal Vulnerability + Exploits



**General Architecture**



# DOP Demo

## Leaking the SECRET

### Steps

1. Find address holding SECRET.
2. Use DOP Load to fetch SECRET.
3. Exfiltrate SECRET.



# DOP Demo

## Leaking the SECRET

```
void do_serve(int sockfd) {...  
    // Memory Write Safety Violation  
    // Corrupts variables  
    // (ie. p_type, p_srv, etc)  
    readInData(g_clfd, sbuf);  
    ...  
    else if (*p_type == TYPE_GET) {  
        printf("[do_serve] TYPE_GET\n");  
        getG_A(g_clfd);  
    }...  
    else if (*p_type == TYPE_LOAD) {  
        printf("[do_serve] TYPE_LOAD\n");  
        // DOP: load  
        *p_g_d = **(p_srv->pp_b);  
    }...}
```

vuln\_srv.c



# DOP Demo

## Leaking the SECRET

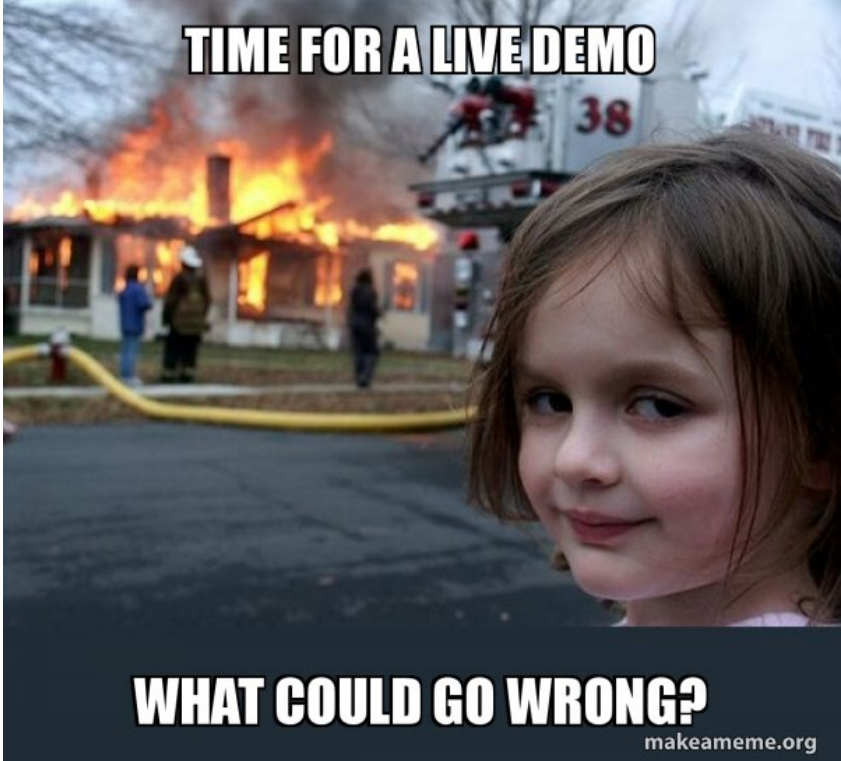
```
def dop_exfiltrate(self):  
    ...  
    # Equivalent: g_a = **g_pp_secret  
    self.gadget_load(b, self._g_pp_secret__offset_base,  
                    self._g_a__offset_base)  
  
    # Equivalent: return g_a  
    secret = self.vuln_srv.send_get()  
    if secret == ExploitLib.SECRET: # SECRET = 0x1337  
        return True  
    else:  
        return False
```

exploit.py



# DOP Demo

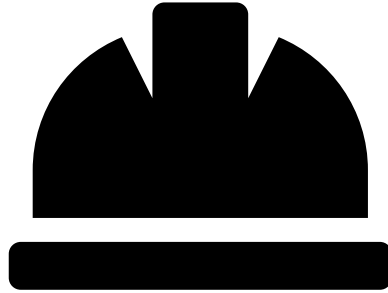
Leaking the SECRET





# Keep on Learning (More Data Attacks)

- Block-Oriented Programming (BOP)
  - An evolution of the original DOP technique.
  - [\[Arxiv:1805.04767\] Block Oriented Programming: Automating Data-Only Attacks](#)
- Survey on general Data-only attacks
  - [\[Arxiv:1902.08359\] Exploitation Techniques and Defenses for Data-Oriented Attacks](#)
    - Also includes discussion on defenses!



# **Memory Safety Going Forward**



# Memory Safety Going Forward

## Defenses

- Hardware
  - [ARMv8.3 Pointer Authentication \(PAC\)](#)

# ARM

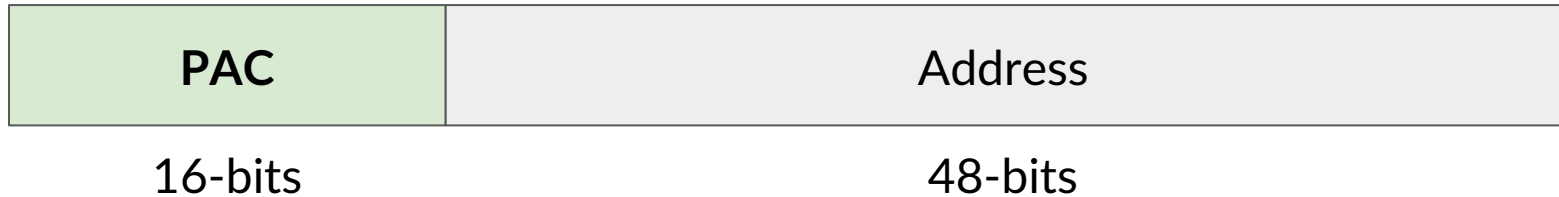




# Memory Safety Going Forward

## Defenses

- Hardware
  - ARMv8.3 Pointer Authentication (PAC)



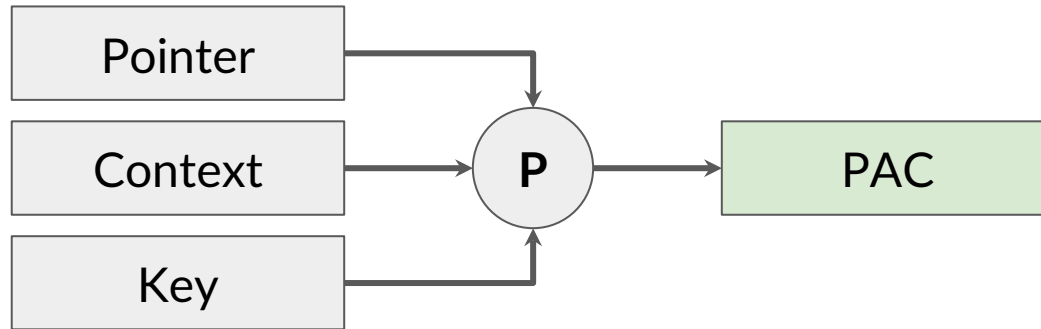
- Pointer tagging via bits normally unused for virtual addressing.



# Memory Safety Going Forward

## Defenses

- Hardware
  - ARMv8.3 Pointer Authentication (PAC)



- PAC algorithm **P** is currently QARMA.



# Memory Safety Going Forward

## Defenses

- Hardware
  - [ARMv8.3 Pointer Authentication \(PAC\)](#)
  - [Cryptographic CFI \(CCFI\)](#)

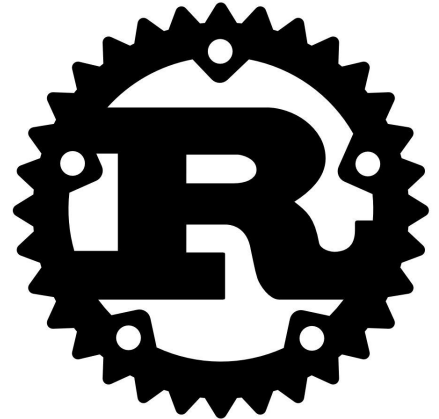




# Memory Safety Going Forward

## Defenses

- Hardware
  - [ARMv8.3 Pointer Authentication \(PAC\)](#)
  - [Cryptographic CFI \(CCFI\)](#)
- Languages
  - Rust
    - See [Understanding Memory and Thread Safety Practices and Issues in Real-World Rust Programs](#)





# Memory Safety Going Forward

## Defenses

- Hardware

- [ARMv8.3 Pointer Authentication \(PAC\)](#)
- [Cryptographic CFI \(CCFI\)](#)

- Languages

- Rust
  - See [Understanding Memory and Thread Safety Practices and Issues in Real-World Rust Programs](#)

- Compilers

- Sanitizers
  - See [\[Arxiv:1806.04355\] SoK: Sanitizing for Security](#)



# Memory Safety Going Forward

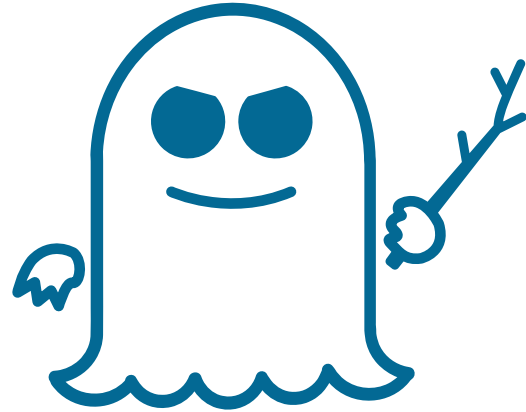
## Defenses





# Memory Safety Going Forward

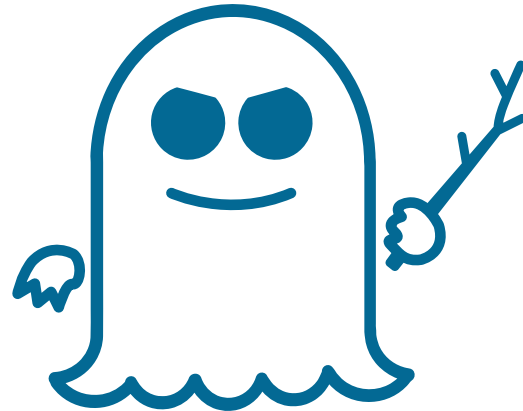
## Defenses





# Memory Safety Going Forward

Defenses



**OFFENSIVE**  **CON** BY  Blue Frost Security

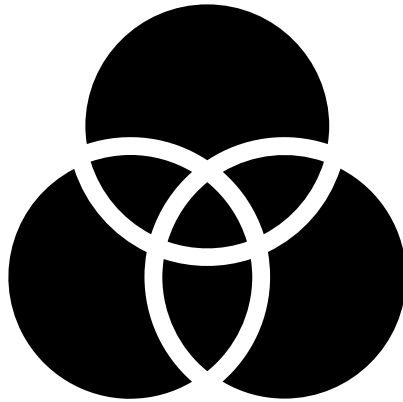
Check out: [Popping Calc with Hardware Vulnerabilities](#)



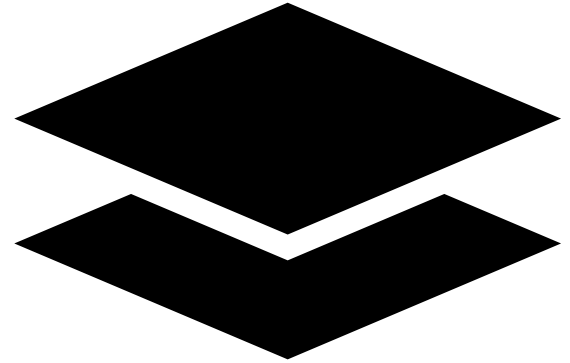


# Memory Safety Going Forward

Defenses



**Comprehensive**



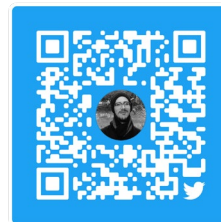
**Composable**



# Questions?

Slides & Code can be found on my site:

<https://miguel.arroyo.me/>



@miguelarroyo12